# OLD ENGLAND:

## OR,

# The NATIONAL GAZETTE.

*By* JONATHAN FREE, *of the Duchy of* Cornwall, *Esq*;

From SATURDAY AUGUST 29, Old Stile, to SATURDAY SEPTEMBER 16, New Stile. [No. 116.

*To the Author of* Old England.

*SIR,*

WHETHER it is from an Antipathy to *Old Things*, or if the Cauſe be hitherto what has been called occult, I ſhall not take upon me to determine; but ſure I am, that Preference is given to *New*, which cannot but portend a thorough Change in our Manners, Laws, Cuſtoms, Religion, & Politics. If the Change be for the better, it cannot indeed arrive too ſoon, nor before it is wanted; but it was once the Cuſtom to ſhun what could not be underſtood, leſt by abrogating *Old Cuſtoms* we introduced *New Evils*.

I do not cenſure the Trick we have played upon *Time*, becauſe he can himſelf revenge it. If we have made him toil at the immoderate Rate of performing *Eleven diurnal Revolutions*, betwixt the 2d and 14th, without our being even able to diſcern his Operations for their Rapidity, he can give us the Slip hereafter. I make no doubt but *we ſhall all loſe Time* enough before he *looſes* us. Or, if we take it in another View, we have annihilated *Eleven* of his Days, and he may annihilate more of our Years, when he tremendouſly exerts his inevitable Scythe.

——— *Tuq; invidioſa vetuſtas,*
*Omnia deſtruitis!* ——

The Motives to this Alteration of *Stile* is too well known and has been too well handled already, to be enlarged upon at this Time. Uniformity is everywhere deſirable; and it muſt be allowed that the *Europæan* Meaſure of Time hath gathered the nearer to Unity by our Acquieſcence in it. I mention this to obviate a Sarcaſm which has been inſidiouſly propagated, inſinuating, that the *Engliſh* altered their Stile for no other Reaſon than that their P—— M——r could not count *Eleven*, to reconcile the Difference of Dates. But the petty Malice of Malcontents, if it hurts at all, only hurts themſelves; for the arithmetical and even mathematical Learning of that Gentleman is as well known and eſtabliſhed as his amazing Skill in Politics.

But without further digreſſing from a Subject which is not yet begun, I ſhall lay open the Deſign of this Addreſs as conciſely as the Nature of it will allow.

Whenever any Day has produced a memorable Event, it has been uſual to commemorate it: And as *Thurſday* was the Day which gave an Æra to the *Britiſh New Stile*, methinks it merits on that account ſome particular Celebration. In moſt of our Schools it is already obſerved as Half a Holiday; and if on this occaſion it was converted into a whole one, we ſhould not only better accommodate that reſpectable Body of Men who have the Education of our Youth under their ſedulous Care, but we ſhould alſo pleaſe the young Rogues themſelves, and certainly in them their tender Mothers. Thus has this new Holliday got on its Side, Schoolmaſters, Boys, Mothers, and I gueſs not a few Fathers. A formidable Body! And indeed, when we conſider that Poſterity broods in the Loins of theſe Youngſters, we ought to be cautious of drying up their *radical Moiſture* in the laborious barren Study of *Greek*, *Latin*, and the pedant Dogmas of a peeviſh *Priſcian*, whoſe Head they had better break than their own Manhood. 'Tis true, our Forefathers did not deal ſo indulgently, I might ſay wiſely, towards their Progeny; and for this Reaſon, 'tis ſaid, If they were not the *Scholars* we are, that we are not the *Men* they were.

I ſhall not, Sir, take upon me to examine the Rectitude of this Aſſertion. That is not the preſent Point. But may I not infer from it, that we ſhall conſiderably add to our Holliday Party? When our lovely Females hear that Learning, as a Conſumer of manly Vigor, unjuſtly deſpoils them of the delightful Gifts of God and Men, will they not hold up their ſoft and delicate Hands to vote for our Holliday? They will live and die in the Cauſe of Love and the Creation, no doubt becauſe 'tis the Cauſe of Piety and Heaven. As they are the choiceſt Flowers in the created Garden, their powerful Influence will avert its Decay. The Pleaſure of Maſter *Billy*'s *Thurſday*'s Viſit to Miſs *Polly* may be imagined but not expreſſed, and their young Hearts will beat that Alarm which even Old Age muſt remember with equal Pleaſure and Regret.

*Atq; utinam pro te vitam, tecumve liceret*
*Reddere!*

But to go farther —— To what great Purpoſe is ſo much Learning? No Honor, Fame, or Fortune, are acquired by it, as a Crowd of living Examples teſtify. We are all ſenſible that even the modern Arts of Government may be exerted by the moſt profoundly ignorant; and therefore as to inferior Sciences, they can lay no Pretenſion to Learning. To be learned is rather to diſable Men from being ſucceſsful; for when Ignorance is the reigning Faſhion of an Age, what can be expected from Wiſdom? The Curſe of being unfaſhionable is too ſevere not to be fervently deprecated.

*Proceed, great Days! till Learning fly the Shore,*
*Till Birch ſhall bluſh with noble Blood no more,*
*Till* Thames *ſee* Eaton's *Sons for ever play,*
*Till* Weſtminſter's *whole Year be Holliday.*

But if Schoolmaſters, Boys, Girls, and Parents, have not ſufficient Influence to have one Day, or rather Half a Day, devoted to their Amuſement, we have Auxiliaries at hand who of themſelves have Power enough to procure anything. Suppoſe, Sir, *Thurſday* ſhould be made a red-letter Day, and called after the *Nature* (not the *Name*) of the modern Saint or Politician (for he is as much one as the other) who permitted this *new ſtile* Honour to the Day: *Ex. gr.* HOLLESDAY, *q. d.* HOLY'S DAY. Thus we clip *Ho-liday* into *Hol-liday*. It is needleſs to mention the Conſequence of *St. Holleſday*. The Legions of the Exciſe, Cuſtom, Stamp, in ſhort, of every public Office, which are all comprehended (for to be particular would be endleſs) under the honorable Appellation of PLACEMEN, would be every one ſeparately and diſtinctly commemorating their Patron's *New-Stile Day* every Week, under the more worthy Name of *St. Holleſday!* It would become a kind of Second or Sub-Sunday, of human Inſtitution as the other is of divine; and why ſhould not the Laity have a Day ſet apart for Diverſion, as well as the Clergy for Devotion?

What a glorious Proſpect does this Day of *St. Holles*, or *Holy's*, open to our View? What Profeſſion, depending on the Crimes, the Follies, and the Luxuries of Men, will not receive Benefit? We have abridged a Term of late, as pretended thro' the Scarcity of Litigation; but in this caſe we muſt either lengthen all the Four Terms at once, or elſe inſert in the long Vacation a Fifth entirely new: And what Name ſo proper to call it by, as the Term of *St. Holles*,——I am always falling into the *Vulgus*,—I would ſay, *St. Holy's?* —— But the Name and Duration of this Term is left, with all ſuitable Deference, to higher Authority.

In regard to Juſtices of the Peace, we muſt have a fewer *nominal* ones: That very induſtrious Member of the Community, vulgarly called *The Trading Juſtice*, will certainly meet an Encouragement ſuited to his ſingular Value; and he need not deviate from the Path of Juſtice to get a competent Livelihood. Indeed, if any of theſe have poor Male Relations, who can write, they may throw the Drudgery of Buſineſs on them, while they purſue *lighter Amuſements* themſelves, in ſcribling *Epic Poems* in Proſe, and common-place Eſſays. Thus while one documents the Public, the other chaſtiſes it. Gain flows in on all Sides; from the weekly Farrago of the ingenious Maſter, and from the hourly Mittimuſes of the laborious Clerk. Enemies to Peace and good Order (as moſt affected) may cry aloud againſt the Increaſe of this latter Order; but let them cry on; for we could as ſoon do without Hangmen as without them.

Thus is every Branch of the Law in full Employ, from the —— to the Executioner: And all by means originally of our Adoption of the *New Stile*; but immediately from the Celebration of the Day on which it commenced, and which deſerves the honorable Diſtinction of *St. Holleſday*.

We have been ſilent in reſpect to thoſe Callings which find their Riſe in Luxury, becauſe their copious Emoluments are too obvious to permit Detail: Nor can the penetrating Politician fail diſcovering the vaſt Increaſe of the Revenue, in the Sale of Licences which authorize either Draughts of Love or Wine.

What is another leading Argument for the Inſtitution of *St. Holleſday*, is, that it may be productive of the greater Changes which ſeem in Agitation, and which I cannot now ſo freely diſcuſs as at a future Time. In the mean time, I may aſk, what can ſo likely change our Manners, our Laws, our Religion, as Luxury? And ſhall not theſe great Events be commemorated, with their greater Cauſes? Then *St. Holleſday* muſt be celebrated as long as *New ſtile* Virtues endure! PHEOS.

## LONDON.

### A HINT to avoid Confuſion in two QUARTER DAYS.

AS the act for the alteration of the ſtile took place laſt Thurſday, and the Quarter Days, or days of payment, will change place, the nominal quarter day will ſtill be the 29th of September, but as the 29th of September will be anticipated eleven days, the real quarter day will be the 10th of October. To avoid therefore, the Confuſion which will neceſſarily ariſe from the diſtinction of old quarrer day, and new quarter day, it is propoſed, that all rent & ſervants wages, be paid on the 29th of September, New Stile, the nominal quarter day, deducting ſuch part of the ſum as is in exact proportion to the eleven days that ſhall be wanting to compleat the quarter. For inſtance, ſuppoſe there would be due to me one years rent, amounting to 365 l. that is, after the rate of 1 l. a day, on the 10th of October; if I receive on the 29th of September 354 l. which is 11 l. leſs that the year's ſum, in proportion to the eleven days that the year is made ſhorter by the act, then the next year's wages will be due on the uſual day of the month, and no confuſion can happen by a real and nominal day of payment. That this method may be the more eaſy practiſed with reſpect to ſervants wages, I have added a table ſhewing how much is to be deducted for the eleven days, from 20 s. per annum to 6 l.

The TABLE.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| At the rate of 6 l. per annum } the abatement for 11 days is } | 0 | 3 | 7 |
| At the rate of 5 l. | 0 | 3 | 0 |
| ——— 4 l. | 0 | 2 | 4 |
| ——— 3 l. | 0 | 1 | 9 |
| ——— 2 l. | 0 | 1 | 2 |
| ——— 1 l. | 0 | 0 | 7 |

So that the deduction for 7 l. may be found by adding that for 1 l. to that of 6 l. or 8 l. by adding that for 2 l. to that for 6 l. and ſo for other Sums, taking 3 d. ¼ for 10 s.

On Monday was held a court martial on board the Devonſhire in Chatham harbour, in order to enquire into a charge of vice admiral Griffin, conſiſting of 8 articles againſt Capt. Henry Pawlet of the Exeter man of War; but the admiral being abſent and ſeveral witneſſes being abroad, the court acquitted Capt. Pawlet. The following gentlemen were of the court, viz.

Admiral Townſend, Preſident.

| | |
|---|---|
| Capt. de Langley, | Capt. Stretton, |
| Capt. Perry, | The hon. Capt. Keppel, |
| Capt. Piercy, | Capt. Beard. |

Some time ſince capt. Urmſton, of the firſt regiment of guards, was married to the Hon. miſs Bathurſt, daughter of the right honourable the lord Bathurſt.

About a month ago a gentlewoman in Lambert ſtreet, Goodman's Fields, miſcarried of three children, two boys and a girl, and got well and abroad about a month after. She was took with violent pains about a Month after that, and miſcarried a ſecond time, with two more children. She is now in Bed, and judged by all that ſees her to be in a fair way of doing well. All the five children were brought forth in two months and are preſerved in ſpirits. The husband is near ſixty years of age, and has been lame for many years.

On Sunday morning laſt died, at his palace at Glouceſter, after a painful and lingering illneſs, the right Rev. Martin Benſon, biſhop of that Dioceſe. He was conſecrated biſhop of that See in the month of January, 1734. As he was generally beloved, ſo he is univerſally lamented by all who were ſo happy as to know him.

Monday died at his houſe in St. Mary Axe, Mr. Daniel de Prado, alias de Florex, one of the oldeſt inſurers of ſhips in this kingdom.

Letters from France, by the laſt packet, bring an account that the lord Moore, eldeſt ſon to the right hon. the earl of Drogheda, in the kingdom of Ireland, died lately at Thouloufe, at the foot of the Pyrenean mountains; whoſe death is greatly lamented, as he was a nobleman of the moſt promiſing expectations.

They write from New-York of the death of Mr. Moſes Lopez Deſonſeca, many years a wealthy merchant of that province.

Wedneſday morning, about three o'clock, a fire happened in the corner-houſe, York-ſtreet, by St. James's ſquare, which quite conſumed the ſame, with the beſt part of the furniture; but by the timely aſſiſtance of the firemen, it was extinguiſhed, before it could communicate itſelf to any of the adjacent houſes. There were no inhabitants in the houſe, but a man had been looking for ſomething the night before, with a candle, and it ſeems left a ſnuff among ſome combuſtibles, which occaſioned this accident.

The coroner's inqueſt ſat on two Bodies laſt week at the London hoſpital: The man who ſtabbed himſelf laſt Monday ſe'nnight, and died the next day, they brought in lunatic; on the woman whoſe Skull was fractured by her husband, the jury brought in their verdict willful murder.

Wedneſday the jury ſat on the body of Mr. Brown, who died on Monday laſt of the wounds he received ſome time ſince by ſome ſtreet robbers in Wellcloſe-ſquare, & brought in their verdict willful murder.

Thurſday morning 6000 lb. of gunpowder and 30500 lb. of lead were ſhipped for the Streights; 19000 ounces of foreign ſilver coin and 300 ounces of gold coin for Holland; and 10000 ounces of ſilver coin for the Sound.

The laſt accounts from Nova Scotia adviſe, that certain duties are laid upon diſtilled ſpirituous liquors, imported there and retailed; and the money ariſing from the ſaid duties are to be diſpoſed of in bounties for the encouragement of the fiſhery, and other uſeful improvements, &c. within the ſaid province.

The laſt Amſterdam Gazette tells us, that the reports of the enterprizes of the French in the Eaſt-Indies are groundleſs: That they have committed no Hoſtilities againſt our ſettlements, neither at Surat nor at Tillichery; that all the trouble our company had, was with the Natives of the country, who endeavoured to expel the Engliſh from thoſe two places; but after ſome ſmart skirmiſhes, they abandoned that enterprize, and tranquility was immediately reſtored. The ſame gazette likewiſe informs us, that there is no more to be ſaid about the conferences at Paris between our commiſſaries and the French, the demands made by the latter having entirely ſuſpended them.

The French politicians affect to be well pleaſed with the late treaty for the pacification of Italy, by which, as they ſay, the Intereſts of the houſe of Bourbon are as well ſecured, as if the terms had been dictated at Verſailles, and by which here is nothing ſtipulated that can prevent any thing more than their being expoſed on that ſide, in caſe of a new war, to the dangers they were threatned with in the laſt.

The foreign miniſters at Conſtantinople ſuſpect, that the janiſſaries act under the influence of wiſer heads than their own, ſince they directed their Aga to tell the grand Signior, that from the wealth of his favourite he might be convinced avarice and abuſe of power may impoveriſh a country as much as war, & that he could not employ his treaſures better than in ſome military expedition, the ſeveral orders of militia, which are the ſtrength of the empire, being in great danger of becoming uſeleſs through want of Exerciſe.

The Three Brothers ———, bound from Briſtol for Bayonne. The Plymouth, Merchant, Broad, from Briſtol for Plymouth. The Squirrell, Paine, from Briſtol for Jerſey; and the Catherine, Naftell, from Briſtol for Frederickſtadt, are all loſt in the Briſtol channel.

Paris A-la-main, Sept. 4.

Laſt Friday Mr. Moor, an Iriſhman, and the Baron de Starke, a German, proved, before the King at Choiſy, a mortar of their invention, which was diſcharged more eaſily and in much leſs time than other mortars; they diſcharged fifteen Bombs of 50 lb. weight in leſs than five minutes, and the bombs followed each other with ſuch velocity, that two of them were often ſeen in the air at the ſame time. His majeſty appeared well ſatisfied with this Invention.

This morning was publiſhed an Arret of the king's council of State, diſannulling that which the parliament iſſued laſt week, which condemned a writing, in form of a letter, written to the king, to be torn and burnt. It is ſaid in this arret, that his majeſty was aſtoniſhed that the parliament had paſſed a freſh judgment upon an object which had been determined by his majeſty; that ſuch proceedings could not be too ſpedily and too ſeverely curbed, and that therefore he diſannulled that arret as being an infringement upon his authority, and forbad his parliament from iſſuing the like for the future.

Paris A-la-main, Sept. 8.

Since Monday laſt ſeveral arrets, as well of the council of ſtate of the king, as of the parliament have iſſued; one particularly of the Parliament, which condemned to be torn and burnt a writing, entitled, "Reflections upon the Arret of Council of the 23d of Auguſt," and which ſuppreſſes two others.

On Tueſday another of council of ſtate of the king iſſued, which annuls one of parliament, whereby it was ordained, that the proceedings made in the Bailliage of Tours (and which had been diſannulled by another arret of the council of State) ſhould be diſcontinued, and forbids the parliament from commencing any ſuch for the future.

Mr. Keith's Chapel, in May-Fair, Hyde-Park Corner, where the Marriages are performed by Virtue of a Crown Stamp and Certificate for a Guinea, is oppoſite the great Chapel and within Ten Yards of it. The Way to the Chapel is thro' Piccadilly, by the End of St. James's-ſtreet, and down Charges-ſtreet, and turn on the Left-Hand.—Several Perſons belonging to Churches and Chapels together with many others, ſuppoſing the Marriages to be detrimental to their Intereſt, have made it their Buſineſs to rave and clamour, but in ſuch a Manner, as not to deſerve an Anſwer, becauſe every Thing they have ſaid tends only to expoſe their own Ignorance and Malice, in the Opinion of People of good Senſe and Underſtanding.

## COUNTRY NEWS.

Briſtol, Aug. 29. Laſt Saturday morning Henry Dampier and Iſaac Baugh, Eſqrs. the preſent ſheriffs of this city and county, ſet out with a grand Retinue for Bath, to congratulate her royal highneſs the princeſs Amelia, on her ſafe arrival there, in the Name of the mayor, aldermen, and common council of this city; which was done by the ſheriffs' ſteward in the following Words:

"May it pleaſe your Royal Highneſs,

"The mayor, aldermen, and Common-council of the city of Briſtol, being glad of all occaſions to teſtify their duty to his majeſty, and every branch of his illuſtrious family, do by us, the ſheriffs, beg leave to congratulate your royal highneſs upon your ſafe arrival in theſe parts, to expreſs their moſt ardent wiſhes for the perfect eſtabliſhment of your Health, and to entreat your royal highneſs to honor the city of Briſtol with your preſence."

To which her royal highneſs made the following anſwer.

"I am very ſenſible of your attachment to the king. It's with pleaſure I remember having ſeen the city of Briſtol, and I am ſorry my ſtay here will not permit me to reviſit that place."

After which there was an elegant entertainment provided for the gentlemen at her Royal Highneſs's lodgings.

Laſt week died at Scarborough, —— Waterland, Eſq; of Heydon near Hull in Yorkſhire, father to the Rev. Dr. Waterland, one of the prebendaries of the cathedral of this city.

We hear that the laws are going to be put in execution againſt Hawkers and buyers of ſmuggled tea, coffee and chocolate, ſo prevalent in this city, to the detriment of the fair trader, and the Dimunition of the revenue. The penalty is 100 l. for every offence, on information given by either party; that is, if a perſon buys a quarter of a pound of tea, coffee, &c. of a hawker, and gives his information, ſuch hawker incurs the penalty of 100 l. and the informer is entitled to one third; and if the hawker informs againſt the buyer, the penalty is the ſame.

Some weeks paſt the grave digger at Chelwood in Somerſetſhire, opened a grave, wherein a man, who died of the ſmall pox, had been interred about thirty years ago. It being a perſon of credit that was to be buried in the grave, the whole village attended the funeral, as well as many people from the neighbouring village; and a few days after, fourteen perſons were ſeized in one day with the uſual ſymptoms of the ſmall pox, and in three days more every ſoul but two in the whole village, who had not had it, were ſeized in the like manner. No more than two perſons died of the whole number, which was about thirty; and one of them was a woman who came down Stairs when the pock was at the height, and died the ſame night. The ſaid diſorder was carried all round the villages by the country people who attended the funeral, & proved very favourable every where.

Plymouth, Aug. 21. Laſt Tueſday night we had a Violent hurricane of Wind at S. E. Captain Edmund Broad, from London for this place, arrived but five hours before the ſtorm came on. Several ſail of ſhips are aſhore near Padſtow. There is ſcarce a ſhopkeeper but is a conſiderable ſufferer.

Durham, Aug. 27: The violence of the ſtorm which began on Monday night, & continued without intermiſſion till yeſternight, ſo ſwelled the Wear, that it overflowed its banks, and joining with the little brooks and rivulets, has laid the country under water: 'Tis impoſſible to paint the horror of its appearance, ſpreading like a ſea for ſome miles, and rendering the roads impaſſable. The diſtreſs of the poor ſuffering country people is beyond deſcription; their ſtanding corn is entirely ruined, and whole ſtacks of that ſhorn, together with cocks of hay, ſheep, ſwine, &c. ſwept away by the violence and impetuoſity of the torrent. There cannot yet be any eſtimate of the damage done to the poor unfortunate ſufferers, but 'tis imagined that it will amount to ſome thouſands pounds.

Newcaſtle, Aug. 29. By the violence of the ſtorm of wind and rain on Tueſday & Wedneſday, the Tyne was ſwelled to ſuch a height as cannot be remembered to have been ſeen by the oldeſt man living; the flat ground near Newburn was all laid under water, great quantities of corn and hay were brought down the river, and the damage the farmers ſuſtained is very conſiderable.

We are informed from Reedſdale in Northumberland, that the rains which began on Monday morning, continued without intermiſſion for fifty hours; and on Wedneſday it was driven with a moſt impetuous wind, ſo that the land floods have not been ſo high for 40 years paſt, & the damage done to the harveſt is inconceivable. From Rothbury we are particularly adviſed, that the river Cocquet has swept down ſeveral hundred fothers of corn, and in the rapidity of its courſe, has broke down the Newbridge at Weldon Mill.

## SCOTLAND.

Edinburgh, Aug. 25. They write from Anſtruther, that they had the greateſt take of herrings there laſt week, that has been theſe 20 years paſt, having been about 500,000 in ſight of that Town in one day; but that now the ſhoal ſeems to have left the coaſt.

Laſt Friday night died here, in the 75th year of her age, the hon. Chriſtian Leſlie, Daughter of the late Lord Newark, and widow of Thomas Graham of Brigotian.

## FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

## FRANCE.

Paris, Aug. 18. The King has made a preſent of 10,000 livres to each of the four phyſicians that attended the Dauphin in his illneſs.

They write from Bayonne, that upon the receipt of the news of the Dauphin's illneſs, the Jews there very ſingularly diſtinguiſhed themſelves, by immediately ſhutting up their ſhops, appointing a faſt of 24 hours, and offering up the moſt earneſt prayers for that prince's recovery.

The public have remarked, as a thing worthy of their attention, that the parliament's arret of the 19th inſtant, and the arret of the council of State of the 18th, which ſuppreſſes the former, were both at the ſame time cried about the ſtreets, and ſold by the hawkers.

The 22d the parliament, continuing its proceedings on church affairs, iſſued a warrant for arreſting the curate of St. Hilary of Sens, and a ſummons for the perſonal appearance of his vicar.

Paris, Aug. 21, O. S. On the 22d of June laſt by an arret of parliament, and ſentence of the Chatelet of Paris, a pretended Marriage at St. Germain en Laye, between Sir George Blount, an Engliſhman, heretofore captain of the regiment of Fitz James, and Mrs. Katherine Wyburne, a minor and Proteſt, was ſet aſide, and declared a rape.

## GERMANY.

Hanover, Aug. 29, O. S. The ducheſs of Newcaſtle, who ſeemed ro be much better, is relapſed.

## SWEDEN.

Stockholm, Aug. 22. The king is ſafely returned from his long journey to Finland and round the Gulph of Bothnia. His Majeſty arrived the 19th inſtant from upſal, whither the Queen went to meet him. It would be vain to attempt to expreſs their Majeſties tranſports of joy and tenderneſs at this interview. The People are alſo equally overjoyed & ſurprized at the King's good ſtate of health after the fatigue of a journey of above 400 German leagues, through roads almoſt impracticable, which none of his Predeceſſors ever attempted.

"Extract of a letter from Cracow, Aug. 21.

"According to the laſt letters from Conſtantinople, they take the late revolution there to be only a prelude to a more terrible one, which ſeems to threathen the grand ſignior himſelf. Depoſitions, baniſhments, and the moſt tragic executions have not appeaſed the janiſſaries. In fine, the imperious clamour of that inſolent ſoldiery amounts to nothing leſs than this, either a war with the chriſtians, or a new ſultan. If his highneſs, following the dictates of his peaceable equitable temper, refuſes to comply with their unjuſt and impetuous deſires, he runs the riſque of being tumbled out of the throne, which Solyman, a warlike and enterprizing prince, may then ſtep into.

"The treaſure, found in the houſe of the Kiſlar Aga, of which he himſelf ſent the keys to the grand ſignior, are immenſe and almoſt incredible. They compute them at 80,000 purſes of 500 Crowns each, that is, forty millions of crowns; a fund ſufficient, as the janiſſaries pretend, to carry on a moſt vigorous war. It is hardly poſſible to conceive how a ſubject, an Ottoman ſlave, could come to be maſter of ſo vaſt a treaſure: But if one conſiders that the Kiſlar Aga, by the aſcendant he had gained over the grand ſignior, was in a manner ſole maſter of the empire and its riches, and that he loaded the people with extraordinary impoſts, for which he accounted with no body, we may eaſily conceive the means whereby he grew ſo prodigiouſly rich."


To Smell to, &c.

*The moſt noble Volatile* SMELLING BOTTLE *in the World, lately much improved,*

*Is now ſold by ſpecial Order of the Author, (ſince Mrs.* Markham *is removed from* Fleet-ſtreet) *only at Mr.* Pearſon's *Toy-Shop, the Sign of the ſeven Stars under* St Dunſtan's Church *in* Fleet-ſtreet, *and by Mrs.* Wharton, *a Milliner, at the Sign of the* Blue Coat Boy *and* Fan, *near the* Royal Exchange *in* Cornhill, *at* 2*s.* 6*d. each Vial:*

WHICH ſmelled to, inſtantly relieves Perſons in the moſt diſmal fainting or ſwooning Fits, and in a Moment removes Fluſhings, Vapours, Dulneſs, Head-achs, Megrims, &c. It takes off all heavy Sleepineſs, retards Swooning, keeps up the Spirits to a Miracle, and not only prevents Fainting, but invigorates and enlivens the whole Man, recreates, and makes chearful, altho' never ſo bad, and in a Moment raiſes all the ſenſitive Faculties.

It is alſo to be taken inwardly by Drops, which effectually takes off and eradicates the very Cauſe; for it potently revives, comforts and ſtrengthens the Brain, creates and corroborates the Stomach, removes Sickneſs from it helps Digeſtion, cleanſes the Blood; and in a Word, is the greateſt Cephalic, Stomachic, and powerful Aromatic poſſible.

And many Gentlemen and Ladies, by perfuming their Handkerchiefs with a few of theſe Drops, find it of ſingular Service in all the Caſes above mentioned: they uſe it after this Manner, purely becauſe it gives a moſt fragrant and delicious Odour, that inſtantly both delights and relieve the Senſes, not only better than any thing of a muſky Kind, which is really hurtful to moſt Conſtutions, but it takes off what ſuch Things occaſion: It alſo relieves the Head and Brain from any ill effects of common Snuff; and inſtantly prevents the bad Conſequences of any ſudden, nauſeous offenſive Smell; and is therefore extremely neceſſary for all Gentlemen and Ladies, always to carry in their Pockets.

*The uncommon Succeſs above Forty Years laſt paſt, of the ſo much-famed and only true Original*

Royal Chymical WASH-BALL,

FOR beautifying the Face, Neck, and Hands, hath induced many envious Perſons, not only in every Part of London, but in many Places in the Country to ſell a counterfeit white Ball, (which may prove prejudicial as well as ineffectual) in Imitation of the true one.

To prevent as much as poſſible any Miſtakes in Prejudice to our Cuſtomers, we give this ſpecial Notice, That the true Sort are now ſold only by Mrs. Wharton, a Milliner, at the Sign of the Bluecoat Boy, and Fan, near the Royal Exchange in Cornhill, and by Mrs. Stephens a Milliner at the Sign of the Blue Ball near the Middle Temple Gate in Fleetſtreet. Price 1*s.* each Ball, or 12 to the Dozen; but no Allowance for leſs than 12 Balls at a Time, nor will they ever be ſold any where elſe, except Notice be firſt given in theſe Advertiſements of it.

Their true and real Virtues have been ſufficiently atteſted in all the Years that they have been ſold by Publication, and the more ſo, as they are ſtill more than ever uſed and admired by both Sexes of the beſt Quality, and many Thouſands of Gentry and others, for making the Skin ſo delicately ſoft and ſmooth, as not to be paralleld by any Waſh or Waſh-balls, or any Kind of Form; for theſe Balls are indeed real Beautifiers of the Skin, by taking off all Deformities, as Tetters, Ringworms, Morphew, Sun burn, Scurf, Pimples, Pits or Redneſs of the Small Pox, and keeping it of a laſting and extreme Whiteneſs; they ſoon alter red or rough Hands, are admirable in ſhaving the Head, not only giving a moſt exquiſite Sharpneſs to the Razor, but ſo comfort the Brain and Nerves as to prevent catching Cold. They are of a grateful and pleaſant Smell, without the leaſt Grain of Mercury, and may be eaten for their Safety.

SUGAR PLUMS, for WORMS, &c.

THE moſt Curious Purge, for any Body, Where A Fine Purge is Wanted, being as Innocent & Safe, as a Little RHEUBARB, &c

12d a Dozen.——Or may Buy but ONE Single PLUM, for A PENNY, with Directions, Which is Enough, to bring Away WORMS, &c from a CHILD.

Or, 2, 3, 4, Or, Half a Dozen. Or, what You Pleaſe.—Or THREE Dozen for Half a Crown,

To KEEP *in* a FAMILY.

Or to give away,—— Or Sell again, And Return what do not Sell.

To be Had at Mr. Burchell's, At the ANODYNE NECKLACE, in LONG ACRE, Next Drury Lane, London.

Where are likewiſe to be had The ORIGINAL AUTHOR's

ANODYNE NECKLACES Price 5*s.* ſingle, and Allowance by the dozen to ſell again.

And Alſo the Famous Gum-opening Remedy to let out

CHILDRENS TEETH Preſently without Pain, and by Rubbing it's Gums, Delight the Child,

There not being ſuch Another Help for them, this Day in the World again, Eaſily to have their TEETH.—Price Only SIX Pence, with Directions. Or SIX Parcels for Half a Crown.

AS Mr. Burchell is the ONLY Perſon that Furniſhes Shopkeepers and Others throughout the Kingdom with the ORIGINAL Author's Famous ANODYNE NECKLACES, Sugar Plums, & Remedies in ſecret Caſes,

So, Any Necklaces, &c. If not had from LONG ACRE, Are made up in IMITATION of the Original Author's.

Which are removed to Long Acre from Temple Bar, And, Has

NONE of His Necklaces Sold, BEHIND the ROYAL EXCHANGE,

Where He has no Manner of Dealings At All.

*The moſt wonderful cleanſing and ſtrengthning Drops for all Sorts of Gleets, and Seminal Weakneſſes and Imbecilities of the Generative Parts and Faculties, preventing Miſcarriages in Women; and to cleanſe and ſtrengthen the Reins, Kidnies and Bladder, cure weak Backs, Strangurites, Gravel, and Stoppage of the Urine, and for which it has gained ſuch Repute, that near* 30000 *Bottles have been ſold ſince April* 1734, *that they were firſt publiſh'd.*

THESE incomparable Drops, which for the aboveſaid Diſorders are not to be equal'd in the whole Art of Medicines were preſcrib'd by the late Dr Ratcliffe, for a certain noble Lord, who for a long Time had been vex'd with an old obſtinate Gleet and Weakneſs, of which he was cured by them in a few Days, beyond all Expectation, after he had been harraſs'd with Electuaries, Bolluſes, Pills, Potions, Injections, and a hundred other Medicines, for many Months together in vain.

The Apothecary who prepared them for him according to the Doctor's Preſcription (which he has ſtill upon his File) has made Uſe of them ever ſince to Numbers of People in the very worſt of Gleets, ſeminal and genital Imbecilities and Intertilities, Pains in the Back and Reins, Diſorders of the Urine and Gravel, &c. with the utmoſt Succeſs and Safety; as alſo in all Weakneſſes from Strains, as well as Venereal Relicts, exceſſive Coition, Self Pollution, ſeminal Emiſſions in Sleep, Falls, Blows, Wrenches, and the like, in both Sexes.

And as they have never once failed him, even in Caſes thought to be incurable, he now, for general Good, has made them publick: And that the meaner Sort of People might partake of the Benefit of ſo divine a Remedy as well as the Rich, he has put them up in Bottles of but 3*s* 6*d* each, tho' for the Excellency of their Effects they are worth their Weight in Gold, more eſpecially as one Bottle of them generally Cures, even in the moſt draining Gleets, and grievous Relaxations and Weakneſſes of the Seminals and Genitals, as alſo of the Back and Reins, that are.

Nor can there be prepared, by any Art or Skill, a more cleanſing and healing, or a more ſtrengthening and invigorating Medicine, or one that can more effectually cure Impotency, or promote Fertility, than this, as every one that but once tries it will ſay, by their ſoon finding the Difference between this and other Remedies; for it will do more in one Day towards reſtoring in theſe Weakneſſes than any others can in ten, and is of ſo corroborating a Nature that it may be entirely rely'd upon for curing perfectly and firmly, without Fear of Relapſe, even in the tendereſt Conſtitutions, which can hardly be ſaid of any other Medicine; and it is withal ſo elegantly pleaſant to the Palate, and ſo agreeable to the Stomach that the niceſt Perſon is delighted with it.

Mr. Weſt, Goldſmith, who us'd to ſell theſe Drops being dead, they are now Sold only by his Son-in Law, Mr. Johnſon, a Baker, at the Seven Stars, in Vere-ſtreet, near Clare-Market, ſealed up, with Directions, for any Meſſenger upon asking only for a Bottle of Drops, and paying 3*s* 6*d*.

## *Concerning Gleets and Seminal Weaknesses of all Kinds.*

ALL judicious Physicians and Surgeons allow, that nothing is more difficult to cure, even by the very best Method and Medicines in usual Practice, than Stubborn Gleets and Seminal Weaknesses, whether occasion'd by too severe purging for Venereal Injuries, violent Strains, Pollutions, or any other Cause whatever; and that they are dangerous in their Consequences, as well as difficult to cure, is as certain since they exceedingly weaken the Generative Faculties, infeeble the whole Nervous System, often bring on Hectick Heats, a Tabes Dorsalis or Consumption of the Back, or an Atrophy or Nervous Consumption which frequently terminate in Death itself.

*All such therefore who have the Misfortune to be troubled with Old Stubborn Gleets, Seminal Effusions, Involuntary Emissions, excessive Nocturnal Pollutions, or any Weakness of the Kidneys, Ureters, or Bladder, the Diabetes, Incontinency of Urine, or Difficulty of holding their Water, would doubtless be glad to meet with a certain, safe and speedy Cure, which they most assuredly may, by the taking only a small Quantity of a transcendent Balsamick Restrictive Electuary, now published for a general Good, after having for many Years in private Practice been experienced never once to fail of perfectly curing the most Stubborn Gleets know, in a few Days, without Difficulty or Trouble; as also all other Weaknesses of the Back, Reins, Seminal Vessels and Urinary Passages, which it almost instantly cures, bringing to rights and restoring all those Parts and Passages to their natural Tone and pristine Vigour, in a very extraordinary Manner, and by taking a few Doses of it only.*

*This transcendent Balsamick Restrictive Electuary is neither disagreeable to take, nor occasions the least Disorder, but is wonderfully Restorative in all Weaknesses and Decay of Constitution of any Kind, and particularly strengthens the Back, Reins, Seminal and Urinary Vessels, to an immense Degree, insomuch that in any Debility of them, one Dose of it does more than ten of any other Remedy yet found out; and all Persons fatigued with Gleets or Seminal Weaknesses of any Sort, or Weaknesses of the Urinary Vessels, who take it, will in three Days time find it so very effectual, that they will be most agreeably surprised at it.*

*It is from this its most extraordinary Efficacy that so many Practitioners in Town and Country, send for it for their Patients, as finding it to be the only sure and infallible Remedy that can be safely rely'd upon, in those Cases.*

*When a Medicine will infallibly accomplish such a safe, speedy and perfect Cure of such difficult Maladies, as Gleets and Seminal Weaknesses are, as this Great Remedy truly and directly will, even after all other Means and Medicines have been try'd in vain; too much cannot be said in Praise of it, and this all who ever took it for any of the abovemention'd Purposes, have readily declared.*

*The Price is but 6s. a Pot, altho' for its absolute Efficacy, one Pot alone being sufficient in most Cases to accomplish a Cure, worth ten times as much, and is ready sealed up, with a Book of Instructions, which whosoever carefully reads will be compleat Master of his own Case, and perfectly know, when the Gleet or Weakness he is afflicted with succeeds a Venereal Injury, whether all the Malignity of the Foul Disease is entirely extirpated or not.*

*Note, This fam'd Balsamic Electuary is now, by the Author's Appointment, to be had only at Mr. Eglinton's, (Mr. Radford being deceased) at the Golden Pair of Spectacles, against the East-End of the New Church in the Strand, London. Ask only for a 6s. Pot of Balsamic Electuary. No Letters answer'd, unless Post-paid.*

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Dr. R. NELSON, being well known to have made the Cure of Seminal and Genital Imbecilities his chief Study and Practice of above thirty Years, does recommend his most Noble Cleansing and Strengthning ELIXIR, which thousands of People have experienced, to be the only BALSAMICK HEALING RESTORING Medicine in the World,

For Gleets and Weaknesses,

THE Bane of Virility in the one Sex, and Destroyer of Fertility in the other, whether from ill cur'd Venereal Infections (that which nothing is more common) or from inordinate Coition, or Self-Pollution (that cursed School Wickedness, which spoils all our Youth, by nipping their Manhood in the Bud) or from involuntary Emissions a Nights in the Sleep, or in the Day Time upon Stool or with the Urine, or from Falls, Blows, Strains, Wrenches, or the like, which drain, and dry up the Seminals, and wither, as it were, the Generative Faculties, causing Impotency in Men, the Fluor Albus, and Barrenness in Women, (or but a weakly, sickly Offspring if any) and in the long Run (by impoverishing the Blood and Spirits) Melancholy, Vapours, Decays of Nature, and Consumptions.

No Medicine can be more pleasant to take, nor any Thing upon Earth more effectual for the Purpose, for let the Imbecility be ever so great, or of ever so long standing, and be either in the Parts Spermatick Vessels, or Back, with Pain, or without, it certainly Cures, by reviving and enriching the Blood and Spirits, comforting, nourishing, and replenishing the Reins and Seminals, and strengthning and restoring the Genital Parts in both Sexes, how much soever weakned, rendred cold, or deadned, and bringing them to their natural Force, Warmth, and Vigour, by thickening and fertilizing the Seed which before was thin, watterish, or yellowish, and consequently insufficient, either for Procreation or the Act of it.

All Disorders of the Urine, as Difficulty in the making or retaining it, or its dribling away, hot or smarting, or foul, slimy, thready, greasy or stinking, whether from Gravel, Stone, Strangury, or a Venereal Cause are likewise speedily cured by it, and the Water made to be held as strongly, and yet brought away as freely, easily, and fiream'd, and clear as ever.

Price 5s. a Bottle. Prepared by the abovesaid Author, and sold only) sealed up with Directions how to take it) at Mr. Corbett's Bookseller, at Aldilon's Head, opposite St. Dunstan's Church Fleet-street, and by Henry Cook; under the Royal-Exchange, 8 for a 5o. Bottle of Elixir.

## *The So much Fam'd HYPO-DROPS.*

WHICH in a few Days infallibly cure *Hypochondriack Melancholy* in Men, and the *Vapours* in *Women*, so as never to return again, be they ever so severe, or of many Years Standing, and even after all other Remedies have prov'd ineffectual; and that by immediately striking at the very Root or true Cause, as well as remedying the Effects, of those perplexing Maladies and all their Variety of Symptoms, by which they mimick, by Turns, almost all the Diseases poor Mortals are afflicted with, and have their Rise from a depraved Appetite, vicious Ferment in the Stomach, and Indigestion of Food. Absence proceed Crudities and flatulent or windy Disorders in the first Passages, ill Fumes, sour Belchings, Cholick, and Uneasiness in the Bowels, which Crudities offend the Nerves, and, by Consent of Parts affect the Head, and produce sometimes Giddiness, Dimness of Sight, confused Thoughts, pertinacious Watchings, troublesome Sleep, Frights, groundless Fears, and the deepest Melancholy, with direful Views and terrible Apprehensions; sometimes, Fits, flushing Heats, Reachings, Faintness, Lowness and Sinking of Spirits, Palpitation of the Heart, Startings, Tremblings and Twitchings in the Limbs and other Parts, with many convulsive Disorders, sharp Pains, fix'd or wandering, Pain and Weakness in the Back, and other almost innumerable and grievous Symptoms, which miserably afflict vast Numbers of both Sexes.

All which Symptoms in their sharpest Paroxysms, these so much fam'd and most pleasant Drops, (which are Chymically prepar'd from the most valuable Specificks in the Mineral, Vegetable, and Animal Kingdoms, and exalted to the highest Degree of Perfection possible) instantly quell, and at the same time annihilate their real Cause, totally bringing the Stomach into right Order, creating a good Appetite, rectifying the Digestion, occasioning laudable Chyle and, of course, good Blood, Plenty of calm, true, and cheerful Spirits, a regular Circulation of all the Fluids, and Strength of Nerves so that both Cause and Effects of Melancholy and Vapours, are thoroughly removed by them, almost on the Spot, as the many Thousands of both Sexes they have perfectly cured, evince.

Whoever takes them for three Days only, will be sensible they are absolutely to be depended upon for an effectual and lasting Cure, and certain it is, that no Medicine upon Earth can equal them; be careful therefore to have the right Drops, which are to be had only at Mrs. Holt's, at the Cross-Keys and Star below the Royal Exchange, in Cornhill London, at 3s. 6d. a Bottle, with printed Directions and Advice at large.

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## *For the* VENEREAL DISEASE.

THE shorteit, safe, and regular Cure, this Day in the World, from the slightest Infection to the most inveterate Degree of it, by a Medicine as pleasant to take, and as easy in its Operation as it is effectual in its Cure; so that the unfortunate Patient gets suddenly and surprizingly well, without Distaste to his Palate, the least Disorder of Body, or any Confinement whatever. This is that great Remedy, now so well known and long experienced to be truly infallible, and is the Grand ANTI SIPHYLICON that Radcliff and Garth used to say would totally extirpate the Venereal Disease from the Face of the Earth, were it but universally known, and promptly taken. Fresh Infections, call'd Claps, with all their cruel attendant Symptoms, it presently cures; and if taken in Time, even prevents their taking Place. It is a safe, gentle, and pleasant Family Purge, even for Children as well as grown Persons, in all Cases where Purging is necessary; nor can the deepest Scurvy, Rheumatism, Gout, Evil, or Leprosy, stand before it, but are pleasantly cured and thoroughly extirpated by it, as well as the highest and most inveterate State of the confirmed Venereal Disease; which, with all its most raging Symptoms, it soon eradicates, restoring Health, Strength, and Vigour to the Body.

Hence it is, that so many Practitioners in Town and Country send for it for their Patients, as finding it absolutely to be depended upon, and much more safe and effectual than any other Medicine whatever. Those who once take it, will never have Recourse to any Thing else. One Pot in most Cases is sufficient for a Cure.

Price 6s. a Pot, sealed up with a Book of Instructions, by which all Persons may fully understand their own Condition, and certainly know when, and when not, the Venereal Poison is rooted out of their Bodies. Note, This Grand Anti Siphylicon is now, by the Author's Appointment, to be had only at Mr. Eglinton's (Mr. Radford being deceased) at the Golden Pair of Spectacles against the East-End of the New Church in the Strand, London. Ask only for a Six Shilling Pot for the Scurvy. No Letters answered unless Post-paid.

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*To Persons of either Sex,*

*Afflicted with any Species of the* PALSY, *or other* Nervous Decays.

NEVER were NERVOUS DISEASES, PALSIES, and PARALYTICK DISORDERS so frequent as of late they have been, nor have the usual Remedies been found adequate to those pertinacious Distempers: This occasioned a Physician, who employ'd his Thoughts much concerning them, to adapt a Medicine, a Sovereign Elixir peculiar to, and effectual for, the Palsy, and all other Nervous Complaints now reigning, which, after he had experienced on vast Numbers of Persons of both Sexes, and always with surprizing Success even so as infallibly to cure by it the Palsy, and all Paralytick Effects and Nervous Disorders, he permitted it to be made publick for a general Good, that so those labouring under these miserable Ailments might know where to meet with a safe and most certain Cure, which it accomplishes in so short a Time, and with such Ease and Pleasure (a few Drops of it being a Dose, highly agreeable to the Palate, and comforting to the Stomach and Bowels) as is almost incredible to relate.

But the taking one Bottle of it only demonstrates its prodigious Efficacy to every one, and the Patients soon finds all Numbness, Deadness, and shaking, or Resolution of the Nerves, as well as all convulsive, cramp-like, or painful Contractions of them, vanish and return no more, and this, though these Diseases have been of many Years standing, and whether occasioned by long Illness, hard Living, hard drinking, or any other Cause; for it performs all that can be wished for in Nervous Cases, creates an Appetite, expells Wind, rectifies the Digestion, occasions laudable Chyle, attenuates the Blood and Juices, causes a free and regular Circulation of 'em thro' the Capillary Vessels, revives and increases the Spirits, warms, comforts, strengthens, and replenishes the Brain and whole Nervous System, hence the Sinews, Tendons, Ligaments, and all the enfeebled Parts are invigorated, the Limbs restored to their pristine Steadiness and Strength, and the Palsy and all Paralytick Disorders and Nervous Decays suddenly cured by it, to the Admiration of the Patients themselves, and all about them.

This sovereign and incomparable Elixir is permitted to be sold only at Mrs. Holt's, at the Cross Keys and Star below the Royal Exchange in Cornhill, London, at 3s. 6d. a Bottle, with printed Directions at large.

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*The only short and infallible Cure for that reigning Disease the* [illegible] *and all Scorbutic Humours, tho' arrived in the highest or most inveterate Degree, or of ever so many Years standing, and that without a sensible Evacuation, or the least Purging, which, by an unaccountable Mistake, is Generally advised, altho' always found rather to encrease and confirm the Scurvy than cure it.*

*By the so much fam'd and most peasant Chymical* DROPS.

WHICH, without the least Trouble, Confinement, or any Diet order whatever, dear or ever strike at the true Cause of the Scurvy, and entirely destroy it, and all Scorbutick Humours and Effects, Roots and Branches, so as never to return, as is now many Thousands of both Sexes have experienced, and are all who take them by Three Days Time are convinced; for they almost instantly alter the morbid Crasis of the Juices, purify the Blood, sweeten all the Fluids, cleanse them from Impurities, and directly clear the whole Habit from all Spots, Blotches, black and blue Marks, Itchings, foul Eruptions or Breakings out, Weakness of the Limbs, languid Heavinels of the whole Body, wandering Pains, Weakness of the back, and all the vast Variety of Symptoms by which the Scurvy imitates and otherwise conceal'd and the Appearance of the Rheumatism, and many other Distempers.

And for strengthening the Stomach, immediately restores good Appetite, causing a regular and easie Digestion of Food, and curing all windy Effects and Disorders of the first Passages, (whence proceed Head-Achs, Vapours, and other Indispositions) no Bitters, tho' any, or other Medicine upon Earth can compare with them, as besides infallibly curing the Scurvy, in all its Shapes and Appearances they assuredly and directly cure the Green-Sickness in Virgins, Worms of all Kinds, in Young or Old, and almost all other Chronick Diseases which are chiefly occasioned by Indigestion and flatulent Crudities in the Stomach and Bowels) and certainly prevent Fevers, Agues, and other acute Illnesses.

They are wonderfully Cordial and Restorative, strengthen and cool the whole Machine, and as fast as taken, make the Face look pleasantly lightsome, brisk and vigorous to Admiration, and are good for all Sorts of Persons, to preserve as well as to procure a sound and healthful State of Body.

But the great Reputation these so much fam'd and most pleasant Chymical DROPS have so universally gain'd among Persons of Eminence, for their suddenly and infallibly curing the Scurvy and all Scorbutick Humours, and other Chronick Diseases, in such an easy and agreeable Manner, have occasioned many to imitate them, both under the same, and others under other Names, be careful therefore not to be deceived, but be sure to have the Right, which, by the Author's special Appointment, are to be had only at the Gentlewoman's at the two blue Posts in Haydon Yard in the Minories, London, at 3s. 6d. a Bottle, with Directions.

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*For the direct Cure of* IMBECILLITY OF IMPOTENCY in MEN, *whether occasioned, by Pollutio sui, Venereal Weaknesses of any kind, or any other Defect of the Generative Faculties.*

And also

*Of* BARRENNESS in WOMEN, *tho' of many Years Continuance, and proceeding from draining Weaknesses, Coldness of Constitution, or any other Cause whatever.*

The Famous and Ineftimable

PROLIFICK ELIXIR;

*The highest, richest, and most powerful Cordial in Nature is recommended,*

BEING the only true and Infallible Cure for Impotency in Men and Barrenness in Women, in the Universe, and which it at once accomplishes without the least Trouble, even after all other Remedies have fail'd, as Thousands have Experienced, and that by promoting the chearful Curricle of the Blood and Juices, raising all the Fluids from their languid depressed State, to one more florid and sparkling; opening all Obstructions, fortifying the Nerves, encreasing the Animal Spirits, restoring a Juvenile Bloom, and evidently replenishing the crispy Fibres of the whole habit, with generous Warmth and balmy Moisture, and thereby invigorating it to such a Degree as not to be imag'n'd, but by those who have experienced how exceedingly and suddenly it removes, recruits and powerfully strengthens all the Animal Faculties, and Generative Powers in both Sexes. It inforces a bright lively Disposition, banishes Melancholy, and inspires Mirth and Gladness of Heart beyond Expression.

Abundance of Ladies, who for several Years were deem'd incurably Barren, have after twice taking it, conceived and became Fruitful, and great Numbers of Gentlemen, who by rash living, Strains, or Self Abuses, had render'd themselves incapable of Procreation, have soon been enabled by it to propagate their Species, insomuch that very many illustrious Families, who, for want of Children, were almost inconsolable, are now bleft with happy Issue, and are (under Providence) indebted to this Great Medicine for their Heirs.

It rectifies all Disorders of the Stomach, creates an Appetite, procures a good Digestion, and in all Weakness of Body, or Decay of Constitution of any Kind, is a most infallible Restorative, and even seems to keep back the Effects of Old Age at bay.

It is to be taken but a few Drops at a Time, has a very fine Flavour, is pleasant to the Palate, Cordial to the Stomach, and can be had only at the Gentlewoman's at the Two Blue Posts in Haydon Yard in the Minories, London, at 3s. a Bottle, sealed up with printed Directions, and Advice at large.

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